ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 Elbert County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PA	GE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	1 2
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	
Notes to Financial Statements	7
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Subordinate Bond Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund	24
OTHER INFORMATION	
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity	0.7



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Elkhorn Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1
Elbert County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Elkhorn Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 (District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Elkhorn Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 District, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

SCHILLING & Company, INC.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado
July 28, 2015



ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments - unrestricted	\$ 80,798
Cash and investments - restricted	1,283
Receivable from county treasurer	4,089
Prepaid expense	2,427
Property taxes receivable	279,278
Capital assets not being depreciated	240,000
Capital assets being depreciated, net	11,973
Total assets	619,848
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,717
Accrued interest payable	119,078
Bonds payable:	,
Due within one year	160,000
Due in more than one year	7,915,000
Developer advance payable:	
Due in more than one year	514,475
Interest on Developer advances due in more than one year	75,147
Total liabilities	8,787,417
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred property tax revenue	279,278
Total deferred inflows of resources	279,278
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets:	(7,823,027)
Restricted for:	(1,020,021)
Emergency Reserves	1,580
Road improvements	148,950
Unrestricted	(774,350)
Total net position	\$ (8,446,847)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2014

Functions/Programs		Expenses			ges for	Op Gra	n Revenue erating nts and ributions	Capi	tal Grants and tributions	R Ch	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position evernmental Activities
D.:							1	*			
Primary government: Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	6,365,009	\$		=	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(6,365,009)
Interest and other costs on long-term debt		573,067			<u> </u>						(573,067)
	\$	6,938,076	_\$		_	\$		\$		\$	(6,938,076)
	Ge	neral revenues	:								
		roperty taxes									278,151
	S	pecific owners	ship	taxes							57,188
	R	Load fees									2,220
	N	let investment	inc	ome							464
		Total genera	al re	venue	es						338,023
		Change in	net	posit	ion						(6,600,053)
	Ne	t position - beg	ginn	ing							(1,846,794)
	Ne	t position- end	ing							\$	(8,446,847)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2014

	(General		Debt Service	Sei Sube	Debt rvice - ordinate Bonds		Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments - unrestricted	\$	500	\$	-	\$	_	\$	80,298	\$	80,798
Cash and investments - restricted	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,283	*	-,	•	-		1,283
Receivable from county treasurer		360		3,729		-				4,089
Property taxes receivable		24,628		254,650		-		-		279,278
Due from other funds		76,403		-		-		68,652		145,055
Prepaid expenditures		2,427		-		-		-		2,427
Total assets	\$	104,318	\$	259,662	\$	-	\$	148,950	\$	512,930
	o E o									
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURGE AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES	CES									
Accounts payable	\$	3,417	\$	300	\$	_	\$	-	\$	3,717
Due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	145,055	Ψ	-	•	-	7	145,055
Total liabilities		3,417		145,355		-		-	3	148,772
Total Intollities		5,117	-	110,000	-				8	,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred property tax revenue		24,628		254,650						279,278
Total deferred inflows of resources		24,628		254,650				•	_	279,278
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Spendable: Restricted for:		2,427		-		-		-		2,427
Emergency Reserves		1,580		-		_		-		1,580
Road improvements		-		-		-		148,950		148,950
Unrestricted								,		,
Assigned for future year spending		3,687		=		=		-		3,687
Unassigned		68,579		(140,343)						(71,764)
Total fund balances (deficit)		76,273		(140,343)		-		148,950		84,880
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$	104,318	\$	259,662	\$	-	\$	148,950		
ALLOCATORS INTO I CITO DIALINICES (DELICIT)		10.,510	—				_			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the star different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are										
therefore, are not reported in the funds Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in th therefore, are not in the funds										251,973
Bonds payable										(8,075,000)
Interest on bonds payable										(119,078)
Developer advance										(514,475)
Interest on developer advances										(75,147)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	(8,446,847)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Ge	neral		Debt Service	Se Subo	Debt rvice - ordinate onds	Capital	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUE									
Property taxes	\$	24,528	\$	253,623	\$	-	\$ -	\$	278,151
Specific ownership tax		5,043		52,145		-	-		57,188
Permit fees		-		-		-	2,220		2,220
Interest income		104		360					464
Total revenue		29,675		306,128			2,220		338,023
EXPENDITURES									
Audit		4,100		-		-	-		4,100
County treasurer's fee		737		7,618		-	-		8,355
Directors' fees		1,700		-		-	-		1,700
District management and accounting		22,131		-		-	-		22,131
Dues		345		-		-	, -		345
Insurance and bonds		2,682		-		-			2,682
Legal		11,753		-		-	-		11,753
Repairs and maintenance		6,600		-		-	-		6,600
Support Services		1,886		=		-	-		1,886
Miscellaneous		755		ū		-	-		755
Debt service									
Bond principal		-		105,000		=	-		105,000
Bond interest		-		421,069		137,375	-		558,444
Paying agent fees		-		2,514		æ	-		2,514
Total expenditures		52,689		536,201		137,375	-		726,265
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		(23,014)		(230,073)		(137,375)	 2,220		(388,242)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Developer advance		16,000		-		137,375	-		153,375
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,000	_	-		137,375			153,375
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(7,014)		(230,073)		-	2,220		(234,867)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		83,287		89,730			 146,730		319,747
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	76,273	_\$_	(140,343)	\$	-	\$ 148,950	\$	84,880

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(234,867)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial			
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment			
of principal of long-term debt consumes the current			
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction, however, has any effect on net position.			
The net effect of these differences in the treatment			
of long-term debt is as follows:			
Bond principal payments	105,000		
Developer Advance	(153,375)		(48,375)
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the			
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not			
reported as expenditures in governmental funds			
Depreciation	(1,088)		
Conveyance of streets to County	(6,303,614)		
Net change in accrued interest on developer advances	(33,973)		
Net change in accrued interest on bond interest	21,864	((6,316,811)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ ((6,600,053)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Amounts Original and Final		Actual Amounts		Amounts Original Actual				Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUE	\$	20.476	\$	24 529	\$	(5,948)				
Property taxes	\$	30,476	Þ	24,528 5,043	Ф	1,143				
Specific ownership tax		3,900		3,043 -		(32,000)				
Infrastructure support fee		32,000		- 104		(96)				
Interest income	-	200				(36,901)				
Total revenue		66,576		29,675		(30,901)				
EXPENDITURES										
General		0.500		4 100		(1 (00)				
Audit		2,500		4,100		(1,600) 178				
County treasurer's fee		915		737						
Directors' fees		3,500		1,700		1,800				
District management and accounting		25,000		22,131		2,869				
Dues and subscriptions		400		345		55				
Elections		6,000		-		6,000				
Insurance and bonds		2,300		2,682		(382)				
Legal		18,000		11,753		6,247				
Repairs and maintenance		7,000		6,600		400				
Support services		3,000		1,886		1,114				
Utilities		500		-		500				
Miscellaneous		1,000		755		245				
Total expenditures		70,115		52,689	17	17,426				
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,539)		(23,014)		(19,475)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Developer advance		-		16,000		16,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		16,000		16,000				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,539)		(7,014)		(3,475)				
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		73,349		83,287		9,938				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	69,810	\$	76,273	\$	6,463				

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Elkhorn Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado was organized on June 18, 2002, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area boundaries are located entirely in Elbert County, Colorado (County).

The District was established principally to coordinate the construction, acquisition, financing and maintenance of public improvements, including streets and safety control, landscaping, water, sewer, storm drainage, television relay, and park and recreation improvements and facilities. Upon completion of construction and installation, it is the District's intent to dedicate all public improvements to the County or its designee for operation and maintenance. Certain landscaping, park and recreation improvements, and street lighting may be maintained by the District or by a homeowners' association.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other District organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds and notes are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation paid. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Debt Service Subordinate Bond Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term subordinate obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the District approved additional appropriations in the Debt Service Fund from \$442,099 to \$536,599 and in the Debt Service Subordinate Bond Fund from \$135,875 to \$137,375.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash. Investments are carried at fair value.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment, CIP, landscaping, are reported in the governmental activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements that will be dedicated to other governmental entities are not depreciated. Improvements to be owned by the District are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Landscaping improvements 20 years Park and recreation equipment 20 years

System Development Fees

The District imposes certain development impact and facility fees on property within the District. The fees are required to be paid prior to the issuance of a building permit by the County. The District records the revenue when the fees are paid and received. The infrastructure fee for road improvements is to be used solely for the improvement of certain access roads into the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2014, the District imposed the following fees per single-family equivalent:

Facility fee - \$3,500 Infrastructure fee for road improvements - \$2,220 Water surcharge fee - \$3,940 Infrastructure support fee - \$250

On February 10, 2011, the District approved the imposition of an Infrastructure Support Fee of \$1,400 for each undeveloped lot within the District. The fee is due and payable on the first day of August 2011, and each August 1 thereafter, until a certificate of occupancy is issued for the undeveloped lot. The fee shall be imposed but waived on a dollar-for-dollar basis to the extent that the owner of such undeveloped lot provides any developer advances to the District from August 2 of the year immediately preceding the imposition of the Infrastructure Support Fee to August 1 of the year the Infrastructure Support Fee is imposed. On an annual basis, the District reviews the Infrastructure Support Fee and adjusts it accordingly.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The District's governmental fund balances may consist of five classifications based on the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – the amount of fund balance that is not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – the amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the District Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District Board of Directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position: Cash and investments - Unrestricted Cash and investments - Restricted Total cash and investments	\$	80,798 1,283 82,081
Cash and investments as of December 31, 2014 consist of the following:		
Deposits with financial institutions Investments Total cash and investments	\$ <u>\$</u>	80,798 1,283 82,081

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2014, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$81,398 and a carrying balance of \$80,798.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy, however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk; minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investment that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- * Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

The local government investment pool Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2014, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Fair	Value
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund			
Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted average under 60 days	\$	1,283

CSAFE

During 2014, the District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. As of December 31, 2014, the District had \$1,283 invested in CSAFE and held by a Trustee in the name of the District.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014, follows:

Governmental Activitites	December 31, 2013	Increases	Decreases	December 31, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Open Space Construction in process:	\$ 240,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 240,000
Streets	6,303,614	-	6,303,614	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,543,614	-	6,303,614	240,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Landscape and parks	21,766	-	_	21,766
Total capital assets, being depreciated	21,766	_		21,766
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Landscape and parks	(8,705)	(1,088)	_	(9,793)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,705)	(1,088)		(9,793)
Total assets being depreciated, net	13,061	(1,088)		11,973
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,556,675	\$ (1,088)	6,303,614	\$ 251,973

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense is charged to the general government function/program in the Statement of Activities.

In accordance with the District's service plan, it is anticipated that, except for certain landscaping, water, park and recreation improvements and street lighting, the District will dedicate the improvements and facilities to the County or its designee. Upon acceptance by the County or its designee for maintenance and ownership, the facilities will be removed from the District's property records.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Balance at December 31, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2014	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
G.O. Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2005A Subordinate Convertible Capital	\$ 6,605,000	\$ -	\$ 105,000	\$ 6,500,000	\$110,000
Appreciation Bond, Series 2006	1,575,000	-	=	1,575,000	50,000
Developer advances	361,100	153,375	=	514,475	-
Accrued interest on developer advances	41,174	33,973	_	75,147	-
	\$ 8,582,274	\$ 187,348	\$ 105,000	\$ 8,664,622	\$ 160,000

The detail of the District's long-term obligations is as follows:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005A

On September 1, 2005, the District issued \$6,950,000 in General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2005A. The Bonds are term bonds maturing on December 1, 2035 at 6.375% interest. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing December 1, 2005. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2015, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The Bonds are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2008, and on each December 1 thereafter in increasing amounts until the maturity date.

The Bonds are general obligations of the District secured by and payable from pledged revenues, which consist primarily of ad valorem property taxes, the facility fee (see Note 2), and specific

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

ownership taxes collected by the County and remitted to the District primarily on motor vehicle licensing. The Bonds are also secured by amounts collected pursuant to a Facility Fees Agreement, which obligate Elkhorn Ranch Venture, LLC (Developer) and U.S. Homes of Colorado, Inc. to make scheduled payments of facility fees to the extent that facility fee revenue of the District is less than the scheduled facility fee payments as described below. Until the debt to assessed value ratio of the District is equal to 50% or less, pledged revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Bond Surplus Fund, up to the maximum amount of \$695,000. The amount held in the Bond Surplus Fund at December 31, 2014 was \$1,283.

Proceeds of the bonds were used to pay a portion of the costs of acquiring and constructing capital improvements, provide capitalized interest for the payment of a portion of the interest on the bonds, and to pay costs of issuance.

Subordinate Convertible Capital Appreciation Bond, Series 2006B

On April 17, 2006, the District issued \$1,575,000 in Subordinate Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2006B at a discounted value of \$1,299,265. The Bonds are term bonds maturing on December 1, 2036 at 7.5% interest. Interest is payable annually on December 15 each year, commencing December 15, 2009. The principal amount of the Bonds shall bear interest from April 17, 2007 to December 14, 2008, and such interest will compound on each December 15 prior to December 1, 2009.

Such compounded interest shall thereafter constitute Accreted Interest. Beginning on December 15, 2008, the Accreted Value of the Bonds shall bear interest at the interest rate. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2008, and on any date thereafter, upon payment the redemption price. The Bonds are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 15, 2011, and on each December 15 thereafter. However, due to insufficient pledged revenue, the District has not yet been able to adhere to the mandatory sinking fund redemption.

The Bonds are subordinate obligations of the District secured by and payable from pledged revenues, which consist primarily of ad valorem property taxes, specific ownership taxes collected by the County and remitted to the District primarily on motor vehicle licensing and any moneys released from the "Elkhorn Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2005A, Surplus Fund".

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Proceeds of the bonds were used to satisfy a portion of the District's obligations under the Elkhorn Ranch Venture, LLC Advance and Reimbursement Agreement.

The District's long-term obligations relating to the general obligation and subordinate bonds will matures as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
2015	\$ 160,000	\$	604,625	(\$ 764,625
2016	140,000		521,737		661,737
2017	145,000		512,700		657,700
2018	170,000		503,344		673,344
2019	185,000		492,338		677,338
2020 - 2024	1,255,000		2,257,013		3,512,013
2025 - 2029	2,050,000		1,744,257		3,794,257
2030 - 2034	3,045,000		947,419		3,992,419
2035 - 2036	925,000		75,375		1,000,375
	\$ 8,075,000	\$	7,658,808		\$ 15,733,808

Advance and Reimbursement Agreement - Elkhorn Ranch Venture, LLC

The District entered into an advance and reimbursement agreement with Elkhorn Ranch Venture, LLC (Elkhorn) on April 20, 2006. The agreement stipulates that the District shall reimburse Elkhorn for any advances made to the District, together with interest at the rate of 7% per annum. The District shall make payment for the advances, subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from funds available within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements, and debt service costs and expenses of the District. At December 31, 2014, the District had no outstanding advances under the agreement. (See Note 8).

Advance and Reimbursement Agreement - Elkhorn Land Company, LLC

The District entered into an advance and reimbursement agreement with Elkhorn Land Company, LLC (Elkhorn Land) on August 19, 2003, which was amended on August 2, 2011. The agreement stipulates that the District shall reimburse Elkhorn Land for any advances made to the District, together with interest at the rate of 7% per annum. The amended agreement allows Elkhorn Land to provide a Developer advance in lieu of the imposition of the Infrastructure Support Fee. The District shall make payment for the advances, subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from funds available within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements, and debt service costs and expenses of the

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

District. At December 31, 2014, the District owed the developer \$121,600 in principal and \$23,349 in accrued interest. (See Note 8.)

Advance and Reimbursement Agreement - The Bromley Companies, LLC

The District entered into an advance and reimbursement agreement with The Bromley Companies, LLC (Bromley) on August 19, 2003. The agreement stipulates that the District shall reimburse Bromley for any advances made to the District, together with interest at the rate of 7% per annum. The District shall make payment for the advances, subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from funds available within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements, and debt service costs and expenses of the District. At December 31, 2014, the District had no outstanding advances under this agreement. (See Note 8.)

Advance and Reimbursement Agreement - Red Tierra Equities, LLC

The District entered into an advance and reimbursement agreement with Red Tierra Equities, LLC on December 6, 2011. The agreement stipulates that the District shall reimburse the developer for any advances made to the District, together with interest at the rate of 7% per annum. The District shall make payment for the advances, subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from funds available within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements, and debt service costs and expenses of the District. At December 31, 2014, the District owed the developer \$392,875 in principal and \$51,798 in accrued interest. (See Note 9.)

Authorized Debt

On May 7, 2002, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$30,350,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. At December 31, 2014, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness from this election in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

Street improvements
Park and recreation facilities
Water supply improvements
Sanitary sewer system
Operations and maintenance
Debt refunding

		Re	emaining at				
A	Total uthorized	December 31 2014					
\$	8,400,000	\$	2,467,865				
	1,820,000		1,820,000				
	3,780,000		1,462,870				
	1,000,000		1,000,000				
	350,000		350,000				
	15,000,000		15,000,000				
\$	30,350,000	\$	22,100,735				

NOTE 6 – FUND EQUITY

At December 31, 2014, the District reported the following classifications of fund equity.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$2,427 is comprised of prepaid amounts which are not in spendable form.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$1,580 is comprised of the Emergency Reserves that have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 12).

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$148,950 is to be used exclusively for the improvements of certain access roads into the District as collected through infrastructure fees for road improvements (see Note 2).

Unrestricted Fund Balance

At December 31, 2014, the Debt Service Fund had a (\$140,343) unassigned deficit as a result of the debt service payment being in excess of the pledged revenue available. This fund balance deficit is expected to be eliminated by anticipated increases in the assessed valuation that will generate more pledged revenue in the future.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION

The District has a net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted; and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets that will be owned by the District, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. In 2014, street improvements of \$6,303,614 were conveyed to the County. As of December 31, 2014, The District had a net investment in capital assets in the amount of \$(7,823,027).

Restricted net position includes amounts that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has restricted amounts of \$148,950

NOTE 6 – FUND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

for road improvements as of December 31, 2014. The District also had restricted \$1,580 for Emergency Reserves.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY

The members of the Board of Directors of the District are employees of, owners of, or otherwise associated with Elkhorn Ranch Venture, LLC, Red Tierra Equities, LLC, Elkhorn Land Company, LLC and The Bromley Companies, LLC and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Specific details of transactions with Elkhorn Ranch Venture, LLC, Elkhorn Land Company, LLC and The Bromley Companies, LLC regarding organization, advances and debt are described elsewhere in these footnotes. Additionally, the District's general obligation bonds (Series 2006B) were purchased by CAW Equities, LLC, a company that is owned by members of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 9 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Permanent Water Service Agreement

On August 18, 2005, the District entered into a water service agreement with Arapahoe County Water and Wastewater Authority (ACWWA). Under the agreement, the District has dedicated appropriate sites and easements to ACWWA to the extent necessary for ACWWA to provide water service to the District's service area. The District has constructed certain water lines and related facilities necessary to provide this water service. During 2005, these water improvements were conveyed to ACWWA for ownership and maintenance.

To help fund the District's cost of constructing the water facilities, ACWWA has credited to the District 109 prepaid water tap fees, as well as a surcharge fee on each water tap with an initial credit value of \$1,606,660. Upon receipt of the 109th water tap, the District shall remit all remaining tap fees and surcharge fees to ACWWA. As of December 31, 2014, the District had received water tap fee and surcharge fee revenue on 102 lots.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2014. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments, except Enterprise.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On May 7, 2002, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in reserve taxes of \$100,000 annually for District operations and maintenance. The electors also authorized the District to collect, retain, and spend any revenue from sources other than ad valorem taxes annually without regard to any limitations imposed by TABOR.

NOTE 12 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The District has not yet established a revenue base sufficient to pay the District's debt service requirements and operations. Until an independent revenue base is established, continuation of operations in the District will be dependent upon funding by the Developer to pay operations and capital requirements.



ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	 Budgeted <i>A</i> Driginal	a mou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
	 71.6					
REVENUE						
Property taxes	\$ 315,126	\$	315,126	\$ 253,623	\$	(61,503)
Special ownership taxes	42,000		42,000	52,145		10,145
Interest income	300		300	360		60
	 357,426		357,426	306,128	-	(51,298)
EXPENDITURES						
General						
Audit	2,500		2,500	-		2,500
County treasurer's fee	9,455		9,455	7,618		1,837
District management and accounting	5,500		3,500	-		3,500
Legal	6,500		4,000	-		4,000
Debt Service						
Bond Principal	_		100,000	105,000		(5,000)
Bond interest	414,644		414,644	421,069		(6,425)
Paying agent fees	3,500		2,500	 2,514		(14)
	 442,099		536,599	 536,201		398
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	 (84,673)		(179,173)	 (230,073)		(50,900)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer from (to) other funds	_		94,500	-1		(94,500)
	-		94,500		-	(94,500)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(84,673)		(84,673)	(230,073)		(145,400)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	84,673		84,673	89,730		5,057
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (140,343)	\$	(140,343)

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE SUBORDINATE BOND FUND Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		nce with Budget sitive
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Ne	gative)
DEVENIUE								
REVENUE	Ф.							
	\$		\$		_\$		\$	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Bond principal		20,000		_		-		_
Bond interest	-	115,875		137,375		137,375		-
		135,875		137,375		137,375		-
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(135,875)		(137,375)		(137,375)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer advance		135,875		137,375		137,375		-
		135,875		137,375		137,375		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						-		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	— Ai	Budget mounts riginal d Final	Actual amounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
REVENUE						
Road fees	\$,=(\$ 2,220	\$	2,220	
Total revenue		-	2,220		2,220	
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay						
Road improvements		112,840	-		112,840	
Total expenditures		112,840	 -		112,840	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(112,840)	2,220		115,060	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		144,840	 146,730		1,890	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	32,000	\$ 148,950	\$	116,950	



ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2014

\$6,950,000

General Obligation (Limited Tax)
Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds
Dated September 1, 2005
Interest Rate of 6.375%
Payable on June 1 and December 1

Principal due on December 1

\$1,575,000

General Obligation Subordinate Bonds
(Non-Rated, Convertible CAB)
Dated April 17, 2006
Interest Rate of 7.5%
Principal and Interest
due on December 15

	1 Timespar due on December 1			The state of the s						
		Principal	Interest]	Principal		Interest		Total
2015	\$	110,000	\$	414,375	\$	50,000	\$	190,250	\$	764,625
2016		130,000		407,362		10,000		114,375		661,737
2017		135,000		399,075		10,000		113,625		657,700
2018		155,000		390,469		15,000		112,875		673,344
2019		165,000		380,588		20,000		111,750		677,338
2020		185,000		370,069		20,000		110,250		685,319
2021		200,000		358,275		20,000		108,750		687,025
2022		220,000		345,525		20,000		107,250		692,775
2023		235,000		331,500		35,000		105,750		707,250
2024		260,000		316,519		60,000		103,125		739,644
2025		280,000		299,944		65,000		98,625		743,569
2026		310,000		282,094		70,000		93,750		755,844
2027		330,000		262,331		75,000		88,500		755,831
2028		360,000		241,294		85,000		82,875		769,169
2029		385,000		218,344		90,000		76,500		769,844
2030		420,000		193,800		100,000		69,750		783,550
2031		445,000		167,025		110,000		62,250		784,275
2032		490,000		138,656		120,000		54,000		802,656
2033		520,000		107,419		130,000		45,000		802,419
2034		565,000		74,269		145,000		35,250		819,519
2035		600,000		38,250		155,000		24,375		817,625
2036		-		-		170,000		12,750		182,750
	\$	6,500,000	\$	5,737,183	\$	1,575,000	\$	1,921,625	\$1	5,733,808

ELKHORN RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2014

Year Ended December 31,	fo Ye	Prior ar Assessed Valuation r Current ar Property Fax Levy	Mills Levied	Total Pro Levied	 y Taxes	Percentage Collected to Levied
2009	\$	6,882,280	55.000	\$378,525	\$ 277,404	73.29%
2010	\$	7,667,740	55.000	\$421,726	\$ 496,888	117.82%
2011	\$	7,257,220	56.700	\$411,484	\$ 411,391	99.98%
2012	\$	5,119,780	56.700	\$290,292	\$ 290,292	100.00%
2013	\$	5,173,880	56.700	\$293,359	\$ 293,359	100.00%
2014	\$	6,078,400	56.700	\$344,645	\$ 278,151	80.71%
Estimated for the year ending December 31,	Ф	4 005 540	57,700	¢270 279		
2015	\$	4,925,540	56.700	\$279,278		

NOTE:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.